January 17, 2003

Mr. Robert L. Dillard III
Nichols, Jackson, Dillard, Hager & Smith, L.L.P.
1800 Lincoln Plaza
500 North Akard
Dallas, Texas 75201

OR2003-0369

Dear Mr. Dillard:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 175278.

The Gun Barrel City Police Department (the "department"), which you represent, received a request for six categories of information pertaining to a specified department officer. You state that you are forwarding some responsive information to the requestor. You claim, however, that the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure pursuant to sections 552.103 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and have reviewed the submitted information.

Initially, we note that this office previously addressed a portion of the information at issue in Open Records Letter No. 2002-3689 (2002). Specifically, we ruled in that decision that information pertaining to a particular 911 call must be released to the requestor pursuant to section 552.302 of the Government Code. You do not inform our office, nor are we aware, of any changes with regard to the law, facts, and circumstances on which that ruling was based. Accordingly, we conclude that the department must rely on our decision in Open Records Letter No. 2002-3689 (2002) with respect to the 911 call transcript sheet that we have marked and release it to the requestor. See Gov't Code § 552.301(f); see also Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001) (so long as law, facts, and circumstances on which prior ruling was based have not changed, the first type of previous determination exists where requested information is precisely the same information as was addressed in a prior attorney general ruling, the ruling is addressed to the same governmental body, and the ruling concludes that the information is or is not excepted from disclosure).

Section 552.108 provides in pertinent part that information held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from disclosure if "release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]" Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(1). Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 as an exception to disclosure of requested information must demonstrate, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a), (b), .301(e)(1)(A); see also Ex parte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You indicate that the submitted information pertains to a pending criminal investigation and/or prosecution. Based on our review of your representations and the remaining information at issue, we find that the release of most of this information "would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime." Gov't Code § 552.108(a).

We note, however, that section 552.108 does not except from disclosure basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime. See Gov't Code § 552.108(c). We believe such basic information refers to the information held to be public in Houston Chronicle Publishing Company v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976). See Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) (summarizing types of basic information that must be made available to public). Accordingly, with the exception of basic information that must be released to the requestor, we conclude that the department may withhold the remaining submitted information pursuant to section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code. Because we base our ruling on section 552.108, we need not consider the department's remaining claim regarding section 552.103 of the Government Code.

In summary, the department must release the document that we have marked to the requestor pursuant to section 552.302 of the Government Code. With the exception of basic information that must also be released to the requestor, the department may withhold the remaining submitted information pursuant to section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code.

We note that "basic information" may not generally be withheld from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. See Open Records Decision Nos. 597 (1991), 362 (1983).

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or

complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Ronald J. Bounds

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

Romed J. Bourdo

RJB/lmt

Ref:

ID# 175278

Enc.

Marked documents

c:

Mr. Steven R. Green Law Office of Mike Head 219 South Prairieville Athens, Texas 75751 (w/o enclosures)